

November 20, 2002

Ms. Pamela Smith Associate General Counsel Texas Department of Public Safety P.O. Box 4087 Austin, Texas 78773-0001

OR2002-6624

Dear Ms. Smith:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID#172499.

The Department of Public Safety (the "department") received a request for information relating to a report that a named license holder has a medical condition. You claim that responsive information is excepted from disclosure under section 552.101 of the Government Code. We have considered the exception you claim and reviewed the submitted information.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts information considered to be confidential by statutory law. You state that section 12.095 of the Health and Safety Code allows the department to request an opinion or recommendation from the medical advisory board of the Department of Health as to the ability of an applicant or license holder to operate a motor vehicle safely. Further, section 12.097 of the Health and Safety Code provides

- (a) All records, reports, and testimony relating to the medical condition of an applicant or license holder:
 - (1) are for the confidential use of the medical advisory board, a panel, or the Department of Public Safety of the State of Texas;
 - (2) are privileged information; and
 - (3) may not be disclosed to any person or used as evidence in a trial except as provided by Subsection (b).

You therefore claim that the requested information is excepted from disclosure under section 552.101 as information considered to be confidential by law. As the submitted information is a record or report relating to the medical condition of an applicant or license holder, the department must withhold it under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 12.097 of the Health and Safety Code. As these sections together are dispositive, we need not address your remaining argument.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov't Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must appeal by filing suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such an appeal, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.353(b)(3), (c). If the governmental body does not appeal this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. *Id.* § 552.321(a).

If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the statute, the attorney general expects that, within 10 calendar days of this ruling, the governmental body will do one of the following three things: 1) release the public records; 2) notify the requestor of the exact day, time, and place that copies of the records will be provided or that the records can be inspected; or 3) notify the requestor of the governmental body's intent to challenge this letter ruling in court. If the governmental body fails to do one of these three things within 10 calendar days of this ruling, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at 877/673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can appeal that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Texas Department of Public Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.—Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the Texas Building and Procurement Commission at 512/475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. We note that a third party may challenge this ruling by filing suit seeking to withhold information from a requestor. Gov't Code § 552.325. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,

Heather Pendleton Ross Assistant Attorney General Open Records Division

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HPR/sdk

Ref: ID# 172499

Enc: Submitted documents

c: Ms. Patty Howard 1000 County Road 1492 Wimberley, Texas 78676

(w/o enclosures)